

Inclusion Policy - The Kennet Federation

Inclusion Leader- Miss Andrea O’Niel
SENDCO - Mrs Dharish Usher
SENDCO Governor - Mrs Lynda Miller
Executive Head teacher - Mrs Lisa Telling

Contact - Southcote Primary School, Silchester Road, RG30 3EJ
0118 9375533 or SEND@southcote.reading.sch.uk

Contact - Katesgrove Primary School, Dorothy Street, RG1 2NL
0118 9375490 or SEND@Katesgrove.reading.sch.uk

This policy complies with the statutory requirement laid out in the SEND Code of Practice 0 - 25 (Jan 2015) 3.65 and has been written with reference to the following guidance and documents:

- Equality Act 2010: advice for schools DfE Feb 2013
- SEND Code of Practice 0 - 25 Jan 2015
- Schools SEN Information Report Regulations 2014
- Statutory Guidance on Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions (August 2015)
- The National Curriculum in England: framework for Key Stage 1 and 2 (July 2014)
- Safeguarding Policy
- Accessibility Plan
- Teachers Standards 2012

Introduction

At the Kennet Federation we are committed to offering an inclusive curriculum that reflects the needs of its learners. Where children have additional needs, steps will be taken to prevent these from becoming a barrier to learning. Our children, regardless of age, gender, ethnicity, special needs, attainment or background, will receive equity in opportunity to make progress to fulfil their potential. Every member of staff shares the responsibility to remove barriers to learning for all pupils.

Aims

Our overarching aim is to create an atmosphere of encouragement, resilience, acceptance, respect for achievements and sensitivity to individual needs, in which all pupils can thrive by paying attention to these specific areas:

- identifying, at an early age, individuals who need extra help and support
- enabling each pupil to reach his or her full potential, both curricular and extra- curricular
- enabling each pupil to partake in, and contribute fully, to school life
- endeavouring to meet the individual needs of each child
- developing a feeling of self-esteem within the individual
- fostering an atmosphere in our school which will promote a happy, sensitive and secure environment to ensure the most effective learning for all children
- providing for children's individual needs by supporting them in various ways: whole class, small groups and as individuals
- monitoring closely those children with SEN and disabilities by observation, assessment and review, to enable us to recognise, celebrate and record achievements
- providing access to and progression within the curriculum
- working with parents/carers and other agencies to provide support and opportunities for those children with SEN and disabilities
- using a variety of teaching strategies, which include teaching for different learning styles, to facilitate meaningful and effective learning for all children
- assisting all staff with appropriate provision to enable children to access their educational entitlement and ensuring all staff are aware of a child's individual needs
- ensuring access to a range of resources and training to support staff in their teaching of children with SEN and disabilities
- including the voice of the child in monitoring and reviewing Pupil Profiles

Objectives

- identify and provide for pupils who have special educational needs and additional needs
- work within the guidance provide in the SEND Code of Practice, 2015
- operate a “whole pupil, whole school” approach to the management and provision of support for special educational needs
- provide a Special Educational Needs and Disability Co-ordinator(SENDCo) who will work with the SEND Inclusion Policy
- provide support and advice for all staff working with special educational needs pupils

Types of SEND

SEND is divided into 4 types:

- Communication and Interaction - this includes children with speech and language delay, impairments or disorders, specific learning difficulties such as dyslexia, dyscalculia, dysgraphia and dyspraxia, hearing impairment, and those who demonstrate features within the autistic spectrum.
- Cognition and Learning - this includes children who demonstrate features of moderate, severe or profound learning difficulties or specific learning difficulties such as dyslexia, dyscalculia, dysgraphia or dyspraxia.
- Social, Mental and Emotional Health - this includes children who may be withdrawn or isolated, disruptive or disturbing, hyperactive or lack concentration.
- Sensory and/or Physical Needs - this includes children with sensory, multi-sensory and physical difficulties.

Behavioural difficulties do not necessarily mean that a child or young person has a SEN and should not automatically lead to a pupil being registered as having SEN.

Slow progress and low attainment do not necessarily mean that a child has SEND and should not automatically lead to a pupil being recorded as having SEND.

Persistent disruptive or withdrawn behaviours do not necessarily mean that a child or young person has SEND.

Identifying and assessing SEND for children or young people whose first language is not English requires particular care; difficulties related solely to limitations in English as an additional language are not SEND.

These may impact progress but may not be SEND: Attendance, Health and Welfare, Punctuality, Pupil premium, LAC, Child of serviceman/woman in the Armed Forces.

Disability

Many children and young people who have SEN may have a disability under the Equality Act 2010 - that is '...a physical or mental impairment which has a long-term and substantial adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities'. This definition provides a relatively low threshold and includes more children than many realise: 'long-term' is defined as 'a year or more' and 'substantial' is defined as 'more than minor or trivial'. This definition includes sensory impairments such as those affecting sight or hearing, and long-term health conditions such as asthma, diabetes, epilepsy, and cancer. Children and young people with such conditions do not necessarily have SEN, but there is a significant overlap

between disabled children and young people and those with SEN. Where a disabled child or young person requires special educational provision they will also be covered by the SEND definition.

As a Federation we observe two key duties:

- we **must not** directly or indirectly discriminate against, harass or victimise disabled children and young people
- We **must** make reasonable adjustments, including the provision of auxiliary aids and services, to ensure that disabled children and young people are not at a substantial disadvantage compared with their peers. This duty is anticipatory - it requires thought to be given in advance to what disabled children and young people might require and what adjustments might need to be made to prevent that disadvantage.

The school's Equality Policy and Objectives and the Accessibility Plan can be found on the school website.

Identification of SEND

The Code of Practice outlines a graduated response to pupils' needs, recognising that there is a continuum of need matched by a continuum of support. This response is seen as action that is **additional to or different from** the provision made as part of the school's usual differentiated curriculum and strategies. A register is kept of pupils with SEND. Where concern is expressed that a pupil may have a special educational need, the class teacher takes early action to assess and address the difficulties. The school's identification descriptors are used to identify a child or young person's special educational needs, what level of support they are expected to offer and how to arrange and monitor the support given.

Reviews of pupils on the SEND register take place six times a year. For pupils with Education, Health & Care plans (formerly Statements), an annual review meeting has to be held in addition to this. Pupil Profiles are used to record additional provision for pupils on the SEND register.

A Graduated Approach to SEND Support

At The Kennet Federation, we adopt a "high quality teaching" approach. The key characteristics of high quality teaching are:

- highly focused lesson design with sharp objectives
- high demands of pupil involvement and engagement with their learning
- high levels of interaction for all pupils
- appropriate use of teacher questioning, modelling and explaining
- an emphasis on learning through dialogue, with regular opportunities for pupils to talk both individually and in groups
- an expectation that pupils will accept responsibility for their own learning and work independently

- regular use of encouragement and authentic praise for effort to engage and motivate pupils.

Teachers are responsible and accountable for the progress and development of the pupils in their class, including where pupils access support from teaching assistants or specialist staff. High quality teaching, differentiated for individual pupils, is the first step in responding to pupils who have or may have SEND; additional intervention and support cannot compensate for a lack of high quality teaching.

We regularly and carefully review the quality of teaching for all pupils, including those at risk of underachievement, through lesson observations, book scrutiny and pupil progress meetings. Professional development opportunities are provided for staff to extend their knowledge and understanding of SEND and high quality teaching.

We assess each pupil's current skills and levels of attainment on entry, building on information from previous settings and key stages where appropriate.

Class teachers, supported by the Senior Leadership Team, make regular assessments of progress for all pupils. These seek to identify pupils making less than expected progress given their age and individual circumstances. This can be characterised by progress which:

- is significantly slower than that of their peers starting from the same baseline
- fails to match or better the child's previous rate of progress
- fails to close the attainment gap between the child and their peers
- widens the attainment gap

The first response to such progress should be high quality teaching targeted at their areas of weakness.

This can also include progress in areas other than attainment - for instance where a pupil needs to make additional progress with wider development or social needs in order to make a successful transition to adult life.

Where a pupil is identified as having SEND, the Federation takes action to remove barriers to learning and put effective special educational provision in place. This SEND support should take the form of a four-part cycle through which earlier decisions and actions are revisited, refined and revised with a growing understanding of the pupil's needs and of what supports the pupil in making good progress and securing good outcomes. This is known as the graduated approach. It draws on more detailed approaches, more frequent reviews and more specialist expertise in successive cycles in order to match interventions to the SEND of children and young people.

Assess

In identifying a child as needing SEND support the class teacher, working with the SENDCo, should carry out a clear analysis of the pupil's needs. This should draw on the teacher's assessment and experience of the pupil, their previous progress and attainment, the views and experience of parents, the pupil's own views and, if relevant, advice from external support services. The Federation take concerns raised by parents regarding assessment very seriously. These concerns are recorded and compared to the setting's own assessment and information on how the pupil is progressing. As part of this information gathering process the school can use the checklists provided.

In some cases, outside professionals from health or social services may already be involved with the child. These professionals liaise with us to help inform the assessments. Where professionals are not already working with school staff, the SENDCO will contact them (if the parents agree).

Plan

Where it is decided to provide a pupil with SEN support, the parents will be formally notified. The teacher and the SENDCo should agree, in consultation with the parent and the pupil, the adjustments, interventions and support to be put in place, as well as the expected impact on progress, development or behaviour, along with a clear date for review. The support and intervention provided should be selected to meet the outcomes identified for the pupil, based on reliable evidence of effectiveness, and should be provided by staff with sufficient skills and knowledge. Where appropriate, plans should seek parental involvement to reinforce or contribute to progress at home.

All teachers and support staff who work with the pupil will be made aware of their needs, the outcomes sought, the support provided and any teaching strategies or approaches that are required. This will also be recorded on the school's information system.

Do

The class teacher should remain responsible for working with the child on a daily basis. Where the interventions involve group or one-to-one teaching away from the main class or subject teacher, they should still retain responsibility for the pupil. They will work closely with any teaching assistants or specialist staff involved, to plan and assess the impact of support and interventions and how they can be linked to classroom teaching. The SENDCo will support the class or subject teacher in the further assessment of the child's particular strengths and weaknesses, in problem solving and advising on the effective implementation of support.

Review

The effectiveness of the support and interventions and their impact on the pupil's progress will be reviewed in line with the agreed date. The impact and quality of the support and interventions will be evaluated, along with the views of the pupil and their parents. This will feed back into the analysis of the pupil's needs. The class or subject teacher, working with the SENDCo, will revise the support in light of the pupil's progress and development, deciding on any changes to the support and outcomes in consultation with the parent and pupil.

Where a pupil has an Education and Health Care plan, the local authority, in co-operation with the school, must review that plan as a minimum every twelve months.

The success of the Federation SEND policy and provision is evaluated through:

- monitoring of classroom practice by the Executive Headteacher, Head of School, Deputy Head, Assistant Heads and SENDCo
- analysis of pupil tracking data
- monitoring of procedures and practice by the SEND governor
- School Self-Evaluation document
- Cross cluster SENDCo meetings
- Local Authority moderation process and OFSTED inspection arrangements
- meetings of parents and staff, both formal and informal

Managing pupil's needs on the SEN Register

Where appropriate, children on the SEND Register will have a One Page Profile (completed with the child) and/or targets on an Individual Provision Profile. The former details important information about the child, including their areas of strengths and weakness, their ways of communicating, ideas for how others can communicate with them, their interests, and other relevant information about how others can help and understand them. The Provision Profile allows the areas of need to be identified, detail of support, targets, review of those targets and outcomes. Class teachers, pupils, other professionals and in some cases parents will all contribute to the Provision Profile.

Review meetings will take place at least 3 times a year, where parents and pupils will be involved in reviewing progress and look at outcomes if appropriate. Class teachers are responsible for writing targets and evidencing progress according to the outcomes described on the Provision Profile, liaising closely with the SENDCo. These are then shared with everyone involved with the child. The SENDCo reviews all records provided by class teachers to ensure consistency across the school and appropriateness and quality of outcomes.

There are three levels of support for pupils with SEND:

- **Universal level** funding is provided on a per-learner basis for all those attending the educating institution. This is also known as element 1 funding. Good quality universal provision will reduce the need for deployment of more expensive resources.
- **Targeted level** mainstream providers (schools and academies) are expected to contribute the first £6,000 of the additional educational support provision for learners with SEND from their notional SEND budget. This is also known as element 2 funding.
- **Specialist or personalised level** top-up funding above £10,000 (elements 1 and 2) is provided on a per-learner basis.

It is important to note that the level and combinations of provision may change over time.

Specialist Support

Schools may involve specialists at any point to advise them on early identification of SEND and effective support and interventions. Where a pupil continues to make less than expected progress, despite evidence-based support and interventions that are matched to the pupil's area of need, the Federation will consider involving specialists, including those secured by the school itself or from outside agencies.

The pupil's parents will always be involved in any decision to involve specialists. The involvement of specialists and what was discussed or agreed will be recorded and shared with the parents and teaching staff supporting the child in the same way as other SEND support.

Education, Health and Care Needs Assessments

Where, despite the school having taken relevant and purposeful action to identify, assess and meet the SEN of the child or young person, the child or young person has not made expected progress, we or the parents will consider requesting an

Criteria for leaving the SEN register

If it is felt that children are making progress which is sustainable then they may be taken off of the SEND register. If this is the case then the views of the teacher, SENDCo, pupil and parents need to be taken into account, as well as that of any other professionals involved with the child. If it is agreed by all to take the pupil off the SEND register then all records will be kept until the pupil leaves the school (and passed on to the next setting). The pupil will be continually monitored through the schools monitoring procedures, such as pupil progress meetings. If it is felt that the pupil requires additional assistance then the procedures set out in this policy will be followed.

Supporting pupils and families

Class teachers, in partnership with the SENDCo, are responsible for ensuring that pupils are able to access assessments carried out within their class. If a child's needs mean that they are unable to access standardised tests then the SENDCo will liaise with the class teacher to assess pupils' eligibility for access arrangements.

(See Local Offer / SEND reported, both updated annually.)

Supporting pupils with medical conditions

The Kennet Federation recognises that pupils at school with medical conditions should be properly supported so that they have full access to education, including school trips and physical education. Some children with medical conditions may be disabled and where this is the case the school will comply with its duties under the Equality Act 2010. Some may also have special educational needs (SEN) and may have a statement, or Education, Health and Care (EHC) plan which brings together health and social care needs, as well as their special educational provision and the SEND Code of Practice (2015) is followed. The school has a policy for Supporting Pupils at School with Medical Conditions.

Training and resources

In order to maintain and develop the quality of teaching and provision to respond to the strengths and needs of all pupils, all staff are encouraged to undertake training and development. All teachers and support staff undertake induction on taking up a post and this includes a meeting with the SENDCo to explain the systems and structures in place around the school's SEND provision and practice, and to discuss the needs of individual pupils. Staff training needs will be discussed at this stage, and both teaching and support staff will be made aware of training opportunities that relate to working with child with SEND.

The Federation's SENDCo regularly attends the Reading Borough's SENDCo network meetings and cross cluster network meetings, in order to keep up to date with local and national updates in SEND.

Roles and responsibilities

Provision for pupils with SEND is a matter for the Federation as a whole. The board of governors, in consultation with the Executive Headteacher, has a legal responsibility for determining the policy and provision for pupils with special educational needs. It maintains a general overview and has an appointed representative who takes particular interest in this aspect of the schools.

Governors will ensure that:

- the necessary provision is made for any pupil with SEND
- all staff are aware of the need to identify and provide for pupils with SEND
- pupils with SEND join in school activities alongside other pupils, so far as is reasonably practical and compatible with their needs and the efficient education of other pupils
- they have regard to the requirements of the Code of Practice for Special Educational Needs (2015)
- parents are notified if the school decides to make SEND provision for their child
- they are fully informed about SEND issues, so that they can play a major part in school self-review
- they set up appropriate staffing and funding arrangements, and oversee the school's work for SEND

The **Head Teacher** is responsible for:

- The management of all aspects of the school's work, including provision for pupils with special educational needs
- Safeguarding of all pupils
- Managing Pupil premium/Looked After Children Funding.
- Managing the medical needs of all children
- Keeping the governing body informed about SEND issues
- Working closely with the SENDCo
- The deployment of all special educational needs personnel within the school
- Monitoring and reporting to governors about the implementation of the school's SEND policy and the effects of inclusion policies on the school as a whole

The **special educational needs and disabilities co-ordinator (SENDCo)** is responsible for:

- overseeing the day to day operation of the Inclusion policy
- co-ordinating the provision for pupils with special educational needs ensuring that an agreed, consistent approach is adopted
- liaising with and advising other school staff
- helping staff to identify pupils with special educational needs
- carrying out assessments and observations of pupils with specific learning problems
- supporting class teachers in devising strategies, drawing up One Page Profiles, Provision Maps, setting targets appropriate to the needs of the pupils, and advising on appropriate resources and materials for use with pupils with special educational needs and on the effective use of materials and personnel in the classroom
- liaising closely with parents of pupils with SEND alongside class teachers, so that they are aware of the strategies that are being used and are involved as partners in the process

- liaising with outside agencies, arranging meetings and providing a link between these agencies, class teachers and parents
- maintaining the school's SEND register and records
- assisting in the monitoring and evaluation of progress of pupils with SEND through the use of existing school assessment information, e.g. class-based assessments/records, SATs, etc.
- contributing to the in-service training of staff
- liaising with the SENDCos in receiving schools and/or other primary schools to help provide a smooth transition from one school to the other
- taking part in borough SEND activities

Class teachers are responsible for:

- Providing high quality teaching for all children
- Assessing pupil's needs and planning appropriate adjustments, interventions and support to match the outcomes identified for the pupil (in liaison with the SENDCo, parents and pupil)
- Regularly reviewing the impact of these adjustments, interventions and support, including pupils with SEND in the classroom, through providing an appropriately differentiated curriculum.
- Retaining responsibility for the child, including working with the child on a daily basis
- Making themselves aware of the school's Inclusion policy and procedures for identification, monitoring and supporting pupils with SEND.
- Directly liaising with parents of children with SEND

TAs should:

- be line managed by class teachers
- be fully aware of the Federation Inclusion policy and the procedures for identifying, assessing and making provision for pupils with SEND.
- use the Federation procedure for giving feedback to teachers about pupils' progress.
- Attend relevant training

TAs work as part of a team with the SENDCo and the teachers supporting pupils' individual needs and ensuring inclusion of pupils with SEND within the class. They play an important role in implementing and monitoring progress.

Storing and managing information

Documents relating to pupils on the SEND register will be stored with their Pupil File in fireproof cabinets in the school office; these cabinets are locked overnight. SEND records will be passed on to a child's next setting

when he or she leaves school. The schools have a Confidentiality policy, which applies to all written pupil records.

Accessibility

The DDA, as amended by the SEN and Disability Act 2001, places a duty on all schools to increase - over time - the accessibility of schools for disabled pupils and to implement their plans. Schools are required to produce written accessibility plans for their individual school and Local Authorities are under a duty to prepare accessibility strategies covering the maintained schools in their area. The Federation's Accessibility Plan forms part of our Equality Plan and Policy, which can be found on the school websites.

Complaints

The Federation has a complaints procedure, which applies to complaints about SEND provision. This can be found on the school websites in the SEND information report.

Linked policies/documents

- Accessibility plan
- Safeguarding policy
- Anti-bullying policy
- Behaviour and Exclusion policy
- Complaints procedure
- Confidentiality policy
- Data Protection policy
- Equality Plan and Procedure
- Managing Medical Conditions in School policy
- Personal Care policy
- Transition Policy
- SEND information report - Local offer

Reviewing the policy

This policy will be reviewed by governors on an annual basis along with the Local Offer/ SEND information report.

Glossary of terms

Annual review: the review of an EHC plan which the local authority must make as a minimum every 12 months.

Armed Forces Covenant: The armed forces covenant sets out the relationship between the nation, the government and the armed forces. It recognises that the whole nation has a moral obligation to members of the armed forces and their families and it establishes how they should expect to be treated. The Covenant states that the children of service personnel should have the same standard of, and access to, education (including early years services) as any other UK citizen in the area in which they live.

Care Plan: A record of the health and/or social care services that are being provided to a child or young person to help them manage a disability or health condition. The Plan will be agreed with the child's parent or the young person and may be contained within a patient's medical record or maintained as a separate document. Care Plans are also maintained by local authorities for looked after children - in this instance the Care Plan will contain a Personal Education Plan in addition to the health and social care elements.

Education, Health and Care plan (EHC plan): An EHC plan details the education, health and social care support that is to be provided to a child or young person who has SEN or a disability. It is drawn up by the local authority after an EHC needs assessment of the child or young person has determined that an EHC plan is necessary, and after consultation with relevant partner agencies.

Graduated approach: A model of action and intervention in early education settings, schools and colleges to help children and young people who have special educational needs. The approach recognises that there is a continuum of special educational needs and that, where necessary, increasing specialist expertise should be brought to bear on the difficulties that a child or young person may be experiencing.

Local Offer: Local authorities in England are required to set out in their Local Offer information about provision they expect to be available across education, health and social care for children and young people in their area who have SEN or are disabled, including those who do not have Education, Health and Care (EHC) plans. Local authorities must consult locally on what provision the Local Offer should contain.

Personal Budget: A Personal Budget is an amount of money identified by the local authority to deliver provision set out in an EHC plan where the parent or young person is involved in securing that provision. The funds can be held directly by the parent or young person, or may be held and managed on their behalf by the local authority, school, college or other

organisation or individual and used to commission the support specified in the EHC plan.

Personal Education Plan: An element of a Care Plan maintained by a local authority in respect of a looked after child, which sets out the education needs of the child. If a looked after child has an EHC plan, the regular reviews of the EHC plan should, where possible, coincide with reviews of the Personal Education Plan.

Special Educational Needs (SEN): A child or young person has SEN if they have a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made for him or her. A child of compulsory school age or a young person has a learning difficulty or disability if he or she has a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age, or has a disability which prevents or hinders him or her from making use of educational facilities of a kind generally provided for others of the same age in mainstream schools or mainstream post-16 institutions.

Special Educational Needs and disabilities Co-ordinator (SENDCO): A qualified teacher in a school or maintained nursery school who has responsibility for co-ordinating SEND provision. In a small school, the head teacher or deputy may take on this role. In larger schools there may be a team of SENDCos. Other early years settings in group provision arrangements are expected to identify an individual to perform the role of SENDCO and childminders are encouraged to do so, possibly sharing the role between them where they are registered with an agency.

Special educational provision: Special educational provision is provision that is different from or additional to that normally available to pupils or students of the same age, which is designed to help children and young people with SEN or disabilities to access the National Curriculum at school or to study at college.

Signed	L TELLING
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Date	July 2019
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Review Date	Summer 2020
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